

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00 per annum in advance—
Or \$2.50, if not paid within the year.
ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT.—Washington.

VOL. LIII. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1853. NO. 51.

Choice Poetry.

THAT BURIED VOICE.

That buried voice is still with me,
That buried voice is still with me,
It whispers to me from the hill,
Where sparkling waters flow;
It murmurs to me from the hill,
Where sparkling waters flow;
In many a gentle mood,
And tells me in my solitude,
I am not all alone,
In my own fading mood,
That buried voice comes on me now.

That buried voice, when all is hushed,
In soft, low, low, low, low,
Breathes to me from the hill,
Where sparkling waters flow;
It whispers to me from the hill,
Where sparkling waters flow;
It murmurs to me from the hill,
Where sparkling waters flow;
In many a gentle mood,
And tells me in my solitude,
I am not all alone,
In my own fading mood,
That buried voice comes on me now.

AUTUMN.

The summer days are over,
The autumn breezes fall,
The rustling of the leaves,
Is heard around the hall.
The branches that have gracefully
Swayed in the summer air,
Now bow in lowly homage,
To the cold, wintry air.
The bright green leaves are turning,
To a thousand shades of red,
And the young autumn woods are bathed
In rays of golden red.
The rustling of the leaves,
Is heard around the hall,
The branches that have gracefully
Swayed in the summer air,
Now bow in lowly homage,
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MISCELLANEOUS.

KATIE'S NEW YEAR'S GIFT.

By Mrs. M. A. DAVIS.

"Run to the door, Katie, run quick; it's something for me, I know."
"A bouquet, Miss, and oh, so beautiful!" said the girl, tripping back to the parlor.
"How rare! what perfume. Katie, don't you wish you could have such things sent to you? There! place it carefully in the vase—to-night I will wear some of them in my hair. That will do; I will ring for you when I want you."

"Such great loving blue eyes, and such a noble forehead," mused Katie, as she flew about the kitchen intent upon her morning work. "Such soft blue eyes, and such a serious handsome face—oh! how very dear Miss Julia must love him. If I only—but what nonsense," and she burst into a light, clear laugh. "Little Katie that lives in kitchens, mustn't expect lawyers or rich men for her husband."

Katie stood that evening behind Miss Julia's chair, her little red hands half buried in the rich dark curls that she only had the exquisite taste to adjust. The faintest impurities of the toilet, lay centered in perfection upon the marble table and the mirror, framed exquisitely in lavender and gilt, and the beautiful face of the lady, in all its varying moods of expression.

"I declare, Katie," she suddenly exclaimed, "you are almost handsome. I have a mind some time to dress you up and see what kind of a lady you would make. How old are you?"

"Fifteen," answered the child voice, and a deep blush mantled her round cheeks.

"Fifteen," mused the mistress, "a promising more in the face—figure—light—oh! the hands are delicately and course—see who is that?"

"I can't have come yet," said Miss Julia.

Early next day, and then with an angry frown upon the table, she murmured: "Frank has a bill with a violent headache, and all times! My dress hurried, a satin robe richly embroidered, and—this the first fall of

"Sick! nonsense—he is a schemer, and I do believe he is trying me in some manner. Any other than Frank should rue it; but I have too much respect for his fortune to affront him now. Well, I suppose I must stay at home—but the idea is very ridiculous! disappointing me either for jealousy or some other notion. I am angry with him."

Katie unbanded and uncurled with trembling fingers. It was a lesson in life, this arrogant bending to circumstances.

It was a new lesson in life, this fashionable "affection of heart," this love for the pure, not the person; she could not understand it. For a long while she sat musing upon it before the fire, in the pleasant tidy kitchen.

Katie was an orphan. She had wept bitter tears above the dying forms of both father and mother; nay! she had held both dying heads upon her bosom, and closed their eyes with her own hands.

She was a girl of rare natural talents as yet undeveloped. Her brain was that of a woman; her manners partook of that innocent simplicity of childhood. She had been nurtured in poverty, yet by noble parents, who had taught her the meaning of the word duty. Sweetly unassuming, humble, yet with the natural pride that would submit to nothing dishonorable, Katie was almost a companion while she was a servant. Had her lot fallen where she could have been rightly appreciated, she would have been taken to the heart as a daughter, by the right of nobility of character, and gentleness of nature.

"So she will not come, and he calls for her so often—oh! it is cruel." And the speaker moved hastily through the room, whose splendor was darkened by a twilight sombreness.

"Dear lady, will you let me stay with him?"

"You? child?"

"I know I am young, but I am not afraid, and if he does not see, he may think—"

"It is her, so he may—so he might; he is delicious much of the time; the room is dark, too; but my good child remember it is a contagious fever, and one in which the physician gives very little hope," she cried, clasping her hands in anguish. "I am myself an invalid; we cannot get a nurse for at least a week—and to take you, so young and healthy, to tie you down to a sick room!"

"Oh, say nothing, please, madam," exclaimed Katie, "do let me stay. I know I am only a child, but I have seen sorrowing and suffering before now—my father, my mother—both died in my arms." She faltered, and overcame by some sudden recollection, snuck weeping upon her seat.

The lady arose, and with trembling fingers herself untied the poor neat bonnet, and smoothing back the fair hair, said:—"Bless you, my child, you may stay, and if my love will repay your devotion, you are always recompensed."

"Where did you say Katie had gone, mother?" asked Julia, languidly, lifting up her head from the lounge.

"Over to your neighbor's to inquire after Frank."

"Oh, mother, you will not let her come near the house again," exclaimed the beauty, springing with energy from her seat. "That dreadful fever! Papa says there are six lying dead of it down town."

"I told her if she went she should stay; but she seemed possessed to go, and even hinted at taking care of him—you know they cannot get a nurse."

"Can't they? Poor fellow! I pity Frank; he thought so much of me; isn't it well we are not engaged, mamma—it would have been so awkward in case of his death. He has sent for me, you say. He certainly, if he believes me, does not wish to expose me so frightfully; perhaps it is only in his delirium that he calls for me. I hope he'll get well, poor fellow! I am sure I should miss him if he were to die. But it is so strange about Katie! What in the world did she want to go there for?" and sinking back gracefully upon the soft cushions, she placed one delicate hand beneath her temple, and as unconsciously as if there were no sorrow in the world, continued the thrilling novel upon whose pages were marks of tears shed over imaginary woes.

Far different with Katie. Oh, how tired she was—a ministering spirit to that sick man. Her hands, which were so large and coarse, as Miss Julia had compassionately termed them, moved softly over the forehead of the sick man.

Ever at his side was she, with no thought in her loving heart but how she might ease his suffering. And when the faint light of his room fell upon his closed eyelids, and over that pale high brow and wasted form, she would kneel at his bedside and implore heaven that he might be saved.

Hour by hour, when the fever was high, she bent over him; delighted as a child when he called her Julia. No romantic affection, no jealousy disturbed her genuine heart; she was doing a good deed for the pure love of goodness—not once did the humble, beautiful girl think of herself as an equal to either duty or the law.

Day after day, though her strength grew less, she continued devotedly by the sick couch, alternately with the feeble mother, in discharging her arduous duties. The crisis came—passed.

"He is saved," said the doctor; "but only by the most unremitting care, under God." He continued, casting a look of admiration at poor Katie, who, overcome both with watching and joy, weeping like an infant, fell into the arms of the grateful mother.

"How delicious this tastes," murmured

Frank, in very feeble tones; "but mother," he continued, pushing slightly away the plate and orange, "I may surely see Julia now."

"She is not here, my son," said the lady softly.

"But somebody is here," and with a nervous movement he parted the curtains before Katie could escape.

"Why Katie as I live! Come here child—you are looking pale, Katie," he said, tenderly taking her hand, "are quite pale, little Katie; your roses are all gone; have you been sick too? Sit down here and tell me all about Julia; is she well? How kind she was to nurse me during my sickness."

"Katie's cheeks were as crimson now as they were white before. Her looks glowed, and she cast a timid look towards her mother. In her bright eyes tears were gathering, and they did not escape the young man's observation.

"For heaven's sake tell me," he exclaimed, "is Julia sick? did she take the fever?"

"Neither sick, nor has she been," said his mother gravely. "It is best to tell you at once, that while you were ill she sometimes formally inquired for you—attended two balls, and never came near the house."

"Mother! you would not deceive me; surely I saw her here—surely she was here by my side—her hand in mine."

"No, Frank. I repeat it; she has not called, scarcely sent here since your first attack. Katie has been your good angel for five long weeks."

He glanced once at the sweet girl; his eyes filled with tears, but his heart was grieved. He drew the curtains silently together, and turned his face towards the wall.

After that day he said little about Julia. He would lie, watching Katie as she sat by his mother; and very often when he looked, the griefed expression was on her lip.

New Year's morning came, clear, beautiful and cold. But within the chamber of luxury only bright sunlight streamed, and the frost changed from frost into little brooks, and wandered about the window panes in silver circles.

Frank, pale and spiritual-looking, sat by the window. Now and then touching the white petals of a tea rose or sat glancing over the columns of the morning paper, he seemed rather restless, and his eyes wandered frequently towards the door.

Presently, in came Katie, and as she drew near to wish him a happy new year, a clear light came to the young man's eyes.

"I thank you, little Katie," he said, taking her hand and drawing her to his side; "what my child, have you no new year's present for me?"

Katie started, and embarrassed, looked down. "She, poor girl, why should he expect a new year's present from her, and she so poor, without parents—without a home."

"Dear sir," she murmured after a pause, "I wish I had; but I—can only give you my best wishes."

"Katie, if I dared ask you—I know you have that which if you give me, would make me the happiest of men—but I dare not."

"Oh, say, sir: if I have any poor gift?"—suddenly she started—paused. A new revelation flashed upon her soul—his look, his manner; did they mean that?

"Katie," he said again, low and tremulously, drawing her unresisting form yet closer to his side: "is your heart free, little Katie? Can you give me so priceless a thing for new year's present? You have cared for me, Katie, when all but my mother or father would have forsaken me. In this fevered room with death threatening, you passed the weary hours, you prayed for me, you took rest for me. Not that I think you did it for any selfish purpose, dear child," he continued, dashing away the tears: "I know you would have gone alike to the poor man's bed: God bless you, noble Katie."

"My child, my daughter," murmured Mrs. N., straining the weeping girl to her breast, "you have a mother's blessing; dear Frank, she is worthy of you."

"And now, my child, when you have learned all these things," Frank fondly said, the same evening, "you shall be my own wedding wife; but Katie, before we say good night, assure me that the priceless gift is mine. Not many have received so sweet a New Year's present as fancy."

Of all who heard the news, none were so much surprised as the maid-servant, Julia, the proud and self-loved girl, who, when it was told her that little Katie had given to Frank N., the rich and courted Frank, whose fortune she had once loved—a very precious New Year's gift.

Reputation is so tender a flower that if once crushed or blighted, it is out of the power of the most benign sun or genial showers to restore it to its original beauty. How tender, then, should every one be not only of speaking, but even of encouraging the long tongues and malicious speeches of defamers! For if a defamatory language of the reputation, as in other matters, very hasty and ill-considered, is to be a principle, since the law allows of no acquittal in crime of that black nature.

Railroad on Pikes—A writer in the Scientific American proposes that the Pacific Railroad be built on poles, and not on a ground track. The Pacific Railroad Notes, in commenting upon this plan, thinks that there would be advantages in its being clear from dust, and it would never become obstructed by snow-drifts. The Scientific American says that, as it would be springing in its nature, it would allow locomotives to make better time, with less wear and tear.

Taking it Easy.

A few days since, constable Judd was called upon to fulfill a writ of ejection, issued by a son of the Emerald Isle, against a fellow countryman. Dan, who never waits for persuasion to do his duty, instantly called on Pat and found him seated in the house named in the writ, enjoying a "dudeen."

"Good morning, Pat," said Dan, pulling out his writ.

"The top of the mornin' to yerself," replied Pat, undisturbed.

"Patrick, I have business with you," continued the constable.

"Bed an' sure ye have, an' why would ye be after callin' on me, sir?"

"I have a writ here, commanding me to eject you and your goods from this house. It's rather an unpleasant duty, but—"

"An' it's Michael O'Callaghan that ordered ye, shure?"

"Yes, sir, Michael is the man."

"An' did he pay the costs, Misher Constable?"

"Certainly; we always demand advanced costs in these cases."

"Thin ye have been paid for ye're work, shure?"

"Certainly."

"Thin ye can do it—devil a bit will Patrick O'Brien stan' in the way of a man when he's workin' for his pay?"

This rather astonished Dan, who expected, as is usual in such cases, to meet with serious resistance. He doffed his coat, and after an hour's hard labor, succeeded in removing the Irishman's household goods from the building into the street. Dan, fatigued with the labor he had performed, started away. In bidding him good-bye, Pat who was seated on a part of his goods, with the "dudeen" still in his mouth, remarked:

"An' I'm obliged to ye, sir, for savin' me all the trouble."

"Savin' you trouble—how?"

"Faith, an' wasn't I goin' to move; and wasn't I jist takin' off my coat to lug out the duds, sir, when ye carried them all down for me, without chargin' me a cent at all? I'm much obliged to ye, sir, an' hope ye'll call again when Patrick O'Brien wants his goods carried down stairs, sir."

Dan suddenly had business at another place, though the joke was so good he could not help telling it afterwards.

Dutchy Ahead.

An old, plain-looking and plain-spoken Dutch farmer, from the vicinity of the Helderburgh, in pursuit of dinner, the other day, dropped in at the Excelsior Dining Saloon, in Nassau street. Taking a seat alongside of a dandyissimo sort of a fellow—all perfume, moustachios and shirt-dollars—our honest Myneher ordered up his dinner.

"What will it be, sir?" asked white apron.

"Got goat corned-beef, hey?" says Dutchy.

"Yes."

"You got soukroun, too, hey?"

"O, yes."

"Vell, gif me some both!"

Off started white apron on a keen jump, and presently returns with the desired fodder. The soukroun was smoking hot, and sent forth its peculiar flavor evidently satisfactory to Myneher's nasal organ, and *cetera* versa to that of our dandy friend, who after the dish had been deposited on the table, and Myneher was about commencing an attack on it, exclaimed:

"I—say, my friend—a—are you going to eat that stuff?"

Myneher turned slowly around, and looking at his interrogator with evident astonishment, says he, "Eat it? vy, of course I eat it!"

"Well," says dandy, "I—a—would as lief devour a plate of gumbo!"

"Ah, vell," replied Myneher, pitching into the soukroun with an evident relish, "that's *de* *best* *allegorie* on how *you* was brought up!"

Dandy looked kinder eyed in, and we left with the opinion that Dutchy was one ahead. Don't you think so?—New York Buchanan.

A gentleman in Philadelphia having purchased a large number of wild pigeons, put a dozen alive into a basket, tied a cloth over it, and sent his Irish servant, who had just come over and was quite green, but not so fit as Irishmen never are, to carry it to his friend in another part of the city, with a note begging his friend to accept the pigeons as a present. Not knowing what was in the basket, and hearing a fluttering, Pat untied the cloth to look in, and the pigeons flew out and were off. He tried the cloth carefully over again, and went on to the gentleman and delivered his note. "Ah, my friend," said the gentleman, "I see you have a dozen live pigeons for me; give my thanks to your master, and here's a quarter for you."

"And it's up to the paper that you said they were!" inquired Pat. "Certainly," says the gentleman, "the paper says you have a dozen live pigeons." "By St. Patrick," said Pat, "I'm glad you find 'em on the paper for the devil a one is there in the basket!"

A Golden Rule for a young lady is to never always with your female friends, as if a gentleman were one of the party; and with young men as if your female companions were present.

Get the Cleveland Herald address, this is a bad address. "If our mother thought it wrong for Adam to have single when there was not a woman on the earth, how criminal is it, in our nature, to allow ourselves to make better time, with less wear and tear."

The Old Negro's Logic.

A clergyman asked an old servant his reasons for believing in the existence of a God:

"Sir," says he, "I see one man get sick. The doctor comes to him, gives him medicine; the next day he is better; he gives him another dose, it does him good; he keeps on till he gets about his business—"

Another man gets sick like the first one; the doctor comes to him; he gives him the same sort of medicine; it does him no good, he gets worse; gives him more, but he gets worse all the time, till he dies—"

Now that man's time to die had come, and all the doctors in the world can't cure him.

"One year I work in the corn field, plow, deep, dig up grass, and make nothing but mudbins. Next year I work the same way; the rain and dew comes, and I make a good crop."

"I have been here going hard upon forty years. Every day since I have been in this world I see the Sun rise in the East and set in the West. The North star stands where it did the first time I ever seen it; the seven stars and Job's coffin keep on the same path in the sky, and never turn out. It ain't so with man's works. He makes clocks and watches; they may run well for awhile, but they get out of fix and stand stock still. But the sun, and moon, and stars, keep on the same way all the while. There is a Power which makes our man die, and another get well; that sends the rain, and keeps everything in motion."

What a beautiful comment is here furnished by an unlettered African on the language of the Psalmist: "The Heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament sheweth His handiwork. Day unto day uttereth speech, and night unto night sheweth knowledge."

Marriage.

Marriage is to a woman at once the happiest or saddest event of her life: it is the promise of future bliss, raised on the death of all present enjoyment. She quits her home, her parents, her companions, her occupations, her amusements, every thing on which she has depended for comfort, for affection, for kindness, for pleasure. The parents by whose advice she has been guided—the sister to whom she has dared to impart every embryo thought and feeling—the brother who has played with her, by turns the counsellor—all to be forsaken at one fell stroke; and yet she flies with joy into the untrodden path before her. Buoyed up by the confidence of requited love, she bids a fond and graceful adieu to the life that is past, and departs with excited hopes and joyous anticipations of the happiness to come. Then too to the man who can blight such fair hopes—who can treacherously lure such a heart from its peaceful enjoyment; and the watchful protection at home—who can cowardly break the illusions that have won her, and destroy the confidence which love has inspired. Woe to such a man!

Sacriligious Disturbance.

We have just heard of a villainous transaction perpetrated in this city, which satisfies us that there are as many bad young men in our city as there were years ago. Mr. —, the pastor of one of our African churches, is celebrated for the fiery and sublimity of his pulpit eloquence. Three rowdyish young gentlemen had crept into the gallery of the sanctuary where Mr. — officiates, for the very naughty purpose of amusing themselves with the devotional exercises of the colored minister and his congregation. Observing that the zealous preacher dealt very much in pyrotechnic illustrations, these wicked youths determined to give the audience something practical in the same way; and with this intention, they procured the handle of a tin ladle, the hollow of which they filled with "wild fire," a preparation made by mixing gunpowder and water, and then drying the mass sufficiently to admit of ignition. The trio, provided with this diabolical contrivance, took their customary position in a corner of the gallery, near the pulpit, and waited for a favorable opportunity to illustrate the sermon with a blazing exhibition. That opportunity was soon offered them. The speaker had just commenced a sentence with "Spoken of de devil was to 'pear now," amongst you wicked niggers, with a blaze of fire wrapped round him like a cloak, when the young sinners touched off their fireworks with a friction match, and directed the muzzle of the tin ladle towards the preacher's desk. Instantly a terrible explosion was heard, and the whole pulpit was enveloped in a dense cloud of smoke, relieved by a shower of sparks and a lurid glare of fire that would have established the reputation of a new pantomime. The congregation, with wild shrieks and exclamations, "The devil has come, for sartin!" rushed towards the doors; but in their trying moment, the appearance of the preacher himself indeed was a spectacle of unparalleled sublimity. His shining black face appeared with undisturbed serenity amidst the gleaming horror of his "volcanic eruption," as he shouted out "Blaze away! Blaze away! don't you see yin can't see de devil, an' how you can fix it!" His noble example the effect of some of the senior members of the church to stand their ground against the demonic fabrication, and the threeimps and gents of the cell one were detained and seemed while attempting to escape. In the hands of the law they will find that people who play such fantastic tricks with fireworks, are likely to burn their fingers.—Adams Transcript.

Love of Display.

The Post says:—We saw a female rigger, the other day, with her smeared fingers, decorated with no fewer than six rings. We don't object to it at all, but it seems to us very much like running a gaff into the eyes."

A Sample Clerk.

Jem B. is a wag. A joke to Jem is both food and raiment, and whenever there is an opening for fun, he has it.

Jem, recently in a drug store, when a youth apparently fresh from the "mountains," entered the store, and at once accosted Jem, stating that he was in search of a job.

"What kind of a job?" inquired the wag.

"Oh, n' most anything"—I want to get a kind of a ginted job, I'm tired o' farmin', an' kin turn my hand at most anything."

"Well, we want a man, a good, strong, healthy man, as sample clerk."

"What's the wages?"

"Wages are good; we pay \$1000 to a man in that situation."

"Oh, merely to test medicines, that's all. It requires a stout man, one of good constitution, and after he gets used to it, he doesn't mind it. You see, we are very particular about the quality of our medicines, and before we sell any, we test every parcel. You would be required to take—say, six or seven ounces of Castor Oil some days, with a few doses of Rhubarb, Aloes, Croton Oil, and similar preparations. Some days, you would not be required to take anything; but as a general thing, you can count upon—say from six to ten doses of something daily. As to the work, that does not amount to much—the testing department would be the principal labor required of you; and, as I said before, it requires a person of very healthy organization to endure it, but you look hearty, and I guess you would suit us. That young man (pointing to a very pale-faced, slim looking youth who happened to be present) has filled the post for the past two weeks, but he is hardly stout enough to stand it. If we should like to have you take right hold, if you are ready, and if you say so, we'll begin to-day. Here's a new barrel of castor oil just come in; I'll go and draw an ounce."

Here verdant, who had been gazing intently upon the slim youth, interrupted him with—

"No, no, I g-u-e-s-s not—not to-day, any how. I'll go down and see my aunt; and if I elude to come, I'll come up tomorrow an' let you know."

As he did not return, it is to be supposed he considered the work too hard.—Clinton Courier.

Applying a Plaster.

The New Orleans Picayune gives the following story upon the authority of a member of the Howard Association, who told it as a positive fact, and merely to illustrate his belief that three fourths of the people who are carried off by the epidemic now prevailing in that city, fall victims to their own attendants' ignorance: "A poor couple, inhabiting some back tenement were visited by the fever—the husband was taken with it. The wife did her best for the poor fellow, but that was not much. The case came to the ears of a member of the Howard Association; and through his direction a physician visited the sick man. Various remedies were ordered, prescriptions sent for, and among them was a large and strong plaster, 'which,' said the doctor, 'you will put on him there—do you see? pointing to the broad space between the sick laborer's shoulders in front—in other words, his breast. Yes, sir; yes, sir; I know—thank you kindly, sir, and the gentleman, too, and may the blessing of a poor woman go with ye.' &c. &c. The grateful thanks following the doctor and the Howardite until they were clear of the tenement.

The next morning the Howardite visited the couple. After examining the condition of the patient, he asked the wife—'Well, madam, how did the plaster draw?' 'Oh, sir, it's doing fine, it is—it's a beautiful plaster.' 'Let me see it.' 'To be sure, sir, you can see it. It's a beautiful one I tell ye. Come, Mike, turn over; it's the kind jistleman!'

The Howardite raised the bed-clothes, and there to be sure was the plaster sticking as tight as ever plaster stuck yet, but unfortunately the good woman had applied it to the bosom of her husband's shirt, and not to the bosom the shirt covered."

At one of our hotels on Tuesday, a young and fully moustached dandy, from New York, was seated at the tea-table, at rather a late hour, when the bar-keeper came in and took a seat opposite. The dandy dropped his knife and fork, tipped back in his chair, and gazed at the bar-keeper, and exclaimed: "Feller! does the help-sap with gentlemen in this house?" "No, sir," was the reply. "What are you and the bar-keeper?" "Yes, sir." "Well, the bar-keeper is much help as the scrub girl."

"True," replied him of the tidy stick, "but I did not enter the hall until I looked in and saw there was not a gentleman at the table." Here the conversation ended.—Monstrous was "fixed."

The Turkish Ambassador at London was at a public dinner, in company of one of the magnates of the land, but, of course, drunk as usual. The President gave, as a toast, in compliment to his Excellency, "The Sultane Porte and the Turkish Ambassador." A waiter chanced to lean the table, "A supply of Port for the Turkish Ambassador."

Love of Display.

The Post says:—We saw a female rigger, the other day, with her smeared fingers, decorated with no fewer than six rings. We don't object to it at all, but it seems to us very much like running a gaff into the eyes."

When religion is made a science, there is nothing more intricate; when made a duty, nothing is more easy.

A New Railroad to the Pacific.

Recent surveys have revealed the astounding fact, that a belt of country, varying from ten to one hundred miles wide, extends quite across the continent, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which is so level that a railroad may be extended the whole distance without traversing a mountain range. The Pacific railroad may be extended in an air line from Sacramento to San Diego, on this route, with a little difficulty as on an open plain. This singular feature in the surface of the continent seems to have been intended by nature for a great national thoroughfare. The great backbone of the North American Continent seems to have been broken down on this line, to let the Pacific Railroad pass gently over it. The great chains of the Alleghenies on the east, and those of the Sierra Madre and Sierra Nevada, on the west, sink down on this line to mere insulated hills, and the country slopes so gradually from the summit lands, east and west of the Mississippi, that the rivers along this line run in nearly easterly or westerly directions.

On the Western side of the continent the Gila river runs almost due west a distance of five hundred miles, and table lands south of its slope with a gradual elevation of ten or twenty feet to the mile, to the highlands, at its sources west of the Rio Grande. From this point the country slopes by a gradual descent almost imperceptible through the Mesilla Valley to the plains around El Paso, and west of the river those plains gradually slope upwards to the table lands between the Pecos and this river, and these lands slope with an equally gradual descent to the valley of the Pecos. This valley is so elevated that it is but one or two hundred feet below the general level of the table lands extending from it to the sources of the Colorado, and from the sources of that river to the Mississippi, there is not a single hill or mountain range to prevent the construction of a railroad to the Mississippi, opposite Vicksburg; from this point to Savannah railroads have already been surveyed and completed on nearly half the route, and what is worthy of remark, these roads extend in a line almost due east from the Mississippi to the Atlantic Ocean, without penetrating an elevated range of hills or mountains.—Houston (Texas) Telegraph.

Truth and Common Sense.—A writer in the Philadelphia North American gives utterance to the following truthful and common sense sentiments. The thought ought to be freely impressed upon the mind of every teacher and parent in the country:

"Children now-a-days, carry to and from school loads of Books, and recite from them daily, without understanding even the meaning of the subject they are studying; the basic, the elements of knowledge, are overlooked, while high sounding names (all theologies) are paraded before the minds of ambitious parents, thro' the medium of promising circulars. Meanwhile the good old-fashioned arts of spelling and reading and understanding what you read, are neglected as too common place for classes that have reached geometry, astronomy, and natural philosophy."

An Expensive Plaster.—We judge from the cost of marketing in Mobile, that persons with less than a few hundred thousand have no business living there. From the papers of that city, we learn that a good ham cannot be bought at less than 19 cents per pound; bacon slices 10 a 14c per pound; mackerel 30c per kilo or 15c a piece; butter 40 a 50c per pound; flour, corn meal, coffee, &c., in proportion. Sweet potatoes \$2 a 50c per bushel; beans, oysters, tomatoes, cabbage, &c., command California prices; and as to fresh meat and fish, especially the latter, the rates demanded make a person of light pockets and nervous "irpossibilities" feel quite nervous. A pair of half grown chickens, if only in tolerable order, will bring \$1 or more. Western apples are old at 3 a 10c a piece.

The Indianapolis Journal has the following item:—"Mr. Carr H. Boatright was married last Sunday to Miss Lucinda Ward, both of this city. This is only the tenth Mr. B. has taken a 'rib.' He is decidedly a man of connubial tastes—needed to the joys of domestic life rather than the cheerless aspect of widowhood. He is actually afraid to sleep a child in the streets for fear it might be his own. No wonder the population of Indianapolis increases so rapidly." Mr. B. is decidedly a man of nerve.

A Timble Rigger at Sea.—The master of the bark Oriole, writing to the Herald, says that during his late trip from Matanzas, a lady passenger accidentally let drop her timble overboard, which was, of course, given up as lost. On the same day a large dolphin was caught, when to the astonishment of all, the timble was found inside of the fish, and safely returned to the owner.

"A Cake cannot be eaten and kept too."—This proverb is verified by the fact, that young men cannot enjoy their health in the morning of life, and enjoy a happy evening of old age—cannot savor their early dimes and have a good store of dollars—cannot pass their lifetime in idly amusement, and grow up to usefulness and respect, or superior mental cultivation.

To possess a true-hearted friend is good; but to be able to confide, without resentment, the confidant of a false-hearted friend is still better; the former is a temporary good, the latter eternal.

When religion is made a science, there is nothing more intricate; when made a duty, nothing is more easy.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, at the late residence of JAMES N. McGAUGHY, deceased, in Hamilton township, Adams county, on Tuesday the 18th day of October, inst., the following Personal Property, to wit:

HORSES.

(Four of which are Work-Horses, and three Coits.) Milt Cows and Young Cattle, a lot of large Hogs, a large number of Swine, a lot of Sheep, a good one-horse Wagon, and a strong Plantation Wagon, Horse-Gears of all descriptions, Ploughs, Harrows, Hay and Wood Ladders, Chains, and all kinds of Farming Utensils; Wheat, Oats, and Corn by the bushel; one field of Corn in the husk; 20 Tons of Hay; Beds and Bedding, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Cupboards, Tables, Chairs, two ten-plate Stoves, and a Cooking Stove, with every variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock A. M., when attendance will be given, and terms made known by JOHN HORNER, Adm'r.

A FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be offered at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 22d of October, inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A FARM,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, one mile north of Cashdown, adjoining lands of Peter Sholt, heirs of John Mark, Peter Court and others, containing

140 ACRES.

The improvements are a two-story Log DWELLING-HOUSE, Bank Barn, Spring-house, and other Out-buildings; an excellent well of water near the door; and a first-rate Orchard of Choice Fruit. There is LIMESTONE on the premises. The fences are in good order, and also the land. There is a fine proportion of TIMBER on the premises. Marsh-creek runs along the edge of the farm.

It will be sold altogether, or divided to suit purchasers.

Also, at the same time,

THIRTY ACRES OF MOUNTAIN LAND,

in lots of five to ten acres, to suit purchasers, lying about one mile north of Cashdown, between the Tanapike and the old York road. There is no difficulty in getting the Timber off the lots.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MARY M. BROUGH.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN McGINN, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams, have issued their precept, bearing date the 17th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday the 21st of November next.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, Sheriff.

Oct. 10, 1853.

DIVIDENDS.

THE Directors and Managers of the Tuck and Gettysburg Turnpike Company have this day declared a Dividend of ONE HUNDRED PER SHARE of the capital Stock, to be paid to the stockholders on their legal representatives, on or after the 28th inst., at Gettysburg, by

GEORGE SWOPE.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the "BANK OF GETTYSBURG," intend to make application to the next Legislature for a renewal of their Charter, under the style of the "Bank of Gettysburg," with banking privileges, and same capital, rights and privileges they now enjoy. By order of the Board,

GEORGE SWOPE, Pres't.

FOR SALE.

A VERY SUPERIOR

STEAM ENGINE,

20 HORSE-POWER, with a Fine Boiler 30 feet long, 3 feet in diameter, and all the necessary fixtures complete, all new, and of the first order, having run about six months—also one of

Gardner's Patent Clover Hullers,

new, with the right of Five Townships. Inquire at this Office.

July 18.

SO! THIS WAY!

In this age of Signs and Wonders, the subscriber would remark that he neither begs nor baits, but desires the County to produce a finer stock of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.

than he is now wearing; of every variety and description, of all qualities and prices, suitable for men, women and children.

Call, examine and judge for yourselves.

W. W. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, Sept. 28.

NEEDLE WORK.

French Work, Collars, A. Seals and Cambric Edgings and Insertings, Flouncings, Spencers, and every thing of that description, can be had in the greatest variety, and the cheapest at

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

IRISH LINENS.

Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, Linen Table Cloths, Towelling, and all a large variety—for sale at

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

Stoves! Stoves!

ANDREW POLLEY

WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as \$20 a piece. Also, a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 26.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WM. FRAZER

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has taken the stand recently occupied by his brother (Alexander Frazer), in Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church, where he is prepared to REPAIR and CLEAN Clocks, Watches, &c., on reasonable terms. All work will be insured.

Also, on hand a variety of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &c., which will be sold low.

Gettysburg, May 9.

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite D. Middlecoff's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berlochy, "C. D. Horner," "H. S. Ingher," "D. Gilbert," Rev. R. Johnston, April 18.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D., Prof. M. Jacobs, "H. L. Baugher," "H. A. Muhlenberg," "M. L. Stover," April 18.

A Daguerreotype for 50 Cents.

CAN be had at WEAVER'S GALLERY, in Chambersburg street. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and will be put up at this Gallery in all the different styles of the day, at prices varying from 50 cts. to \$6. So now is the time for obtaining the cheap likenesses ever offered in this place. Persons will find it to their advantage to call soon while the opportunity is before them, and in order to secure a satisfactory likeness, subjects are requested to wear dark apparel. Gentlemen should wear black, with black vest and cravat, and ladies should avoid dresses of pink and blue. Plain and contrasting colors are very suitable for children.

I return my sincere thanks to my numerous friends for their past favors, and solicit a continuance of the same, hoping by strict attention to business to satisfy the tastes of all who may visit my gallery.

SAMUEL WEAVER.

May 2.

NEW COACH FACTORY,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

COACH-MAKING

BUSINESS, in all its branches, at the old stand recently occupied by the Firm of HAMERSLY & FREY, and is prepared to furnish to order, on reasonable terms, all kinds of COACHES, ROCKAWAY, BOAT-BODY & JERSEY CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., manufactured by the best of workmen, and which, for finish and durability, will challenge comparison with any manufactured in this place.

The undersigned is also prepared to attend to REPAIRING in all branches of the business, at the shortest notice.

W. W. HAMERSLY.

Oct. 3.

THE LIFE AND SPEECHES

HENRY CLAY,

With a portrait and a view of the birthplace of Mr. Clay. In one handsome large octavo volume of 1300 pages, beautifully bound in cloth, gilt.

Price Only Three Dollars!

Or bound in Two Volumes, cloth, gilt, \$5.50.

The work here presented is intended to trace clearly the career of Mr. Clay, from his entrance on the stage of public life down to the period of his death—mainly by the light of his own lofty, persuasive, and impassioned eloquence. Mr. Clay's parliamentary efforts, hard, direct, and vigorous, embody all the illustration that is useful to their full understanding, the great importance, variety and inextinguishable interest of the topics he generally discussed—the character and ability of the orator, the direct and exact bearing of his arguments on the controversies and interests of the times—all combine to render his speeches among the most valuable contributions of Patriotism and Genius to the enlightenment and elevation of the American people.

JAMES L. GHION, Publisher.

No. 102 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Good active men, who wish to engage in the sale of the above work, will be allowed a discount sufficiently large to enable them to make a first-rate business of it. For further particulars, address

JAMES L. GHION, Publisher.

No. 102 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Oct. 10.

PLEASE TO READ THIS.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED,

To Sell Pictorial and Useful Works for the Year 1854.

WANTED IN EVERY SECTION

OF THE UNITED STATES, active and enterprising young men, to engage in the sale of some of the best Books published in the Country. To men of good address, possessing a small capital of from \$25 to \$100, such inducements will be offered as to enable them to make from \$3 to \$5 a day profit.

The Books published by us are all useful in their character, extremely popular, and command large sales wherever they are offered.

For further particulars, address (postage paid)

ROBERT SEARS, Proprietor.

181 William Street, New York.

Oct. 10.

DRAW NEAR—COME AND SEE!

J. L. SCHICK would inform the Ladies that he now offers the best and most splendid assortment of BONNETS, BANGS, Sails, and Veils, Ribbons, Flowers, and Hair Bands, ever before shown in this place. Call and see them—no trouble to select them.

Oct. 10.

QUEENSWARE: QUEENSWARE:

WM. ARNOLD has just received a large lot of QUEENSWARE, which he will sell low. Call and see.

Oct. 10.

ANOTHER CHANGE!

DAILY LINE

BETWEEN

Emmitsburg, Gettysburg, York, Baltimore, and Harrisburg.

THE undersigned are now running a Daily Line of comfortable four-horse Coaches between Gettysburg and Hanover, and Gettysburg and Emmitsburg, and have made arrangements with the Railroad Companies, running from Hanover to BALTIMORE, YORK and HARRISBURG, by which they are enabled to furnish THROUGH TICKETS from Gettysburg to those places at the following reduced rates:

From Gettysburg to Baltimore, \$2.25

" " York, 1.50

" " Harrisburg, 1.75

" Round Tickets from Gettysburg to York and return, will be given for \$2.50.

Also, Through Tickets from Emmitsburg to the above places, via Gettysburg and Hanover, at the following rates:

From Emmitsburg to Baltimore, \$3.00

" " York, 2.25

" " Harrisburg, 2.75

" The above arrangement furnishes the most convenient, comfortable, and economical route to passengers, who thereby reach York and Harrisburg by noon, and arrive at Baltimore at an early hour.

An arrangement is also effected, by which all detention at the Junction will be avoided, and passengers from Philadelphia and Harrisburg will arrive at Gettysburg or Emmitsburg on the same evening, by this line.

Tickets can be had by application at the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg; at Agnew's Hotel, Emmitsburg; and at the Railroad Offices in Baltimore, York and Harrisburg.

TATE & CO.

June 27.

NEW LINE OF COACHES,

(Carrying the U. S. Mail.)

From Gettysburg to Hanover, via New Oxford.

Through Tickets to Baltimore, York and Harrisburg, to be had at the Gen. Wayne Inn, Baltimore; Child's office, Harrisburg; Welsh's Railroad Hotel, York; and McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg.

Fare from Gettysburg to Harrisburg, \$1.75

" " York, \$1.50

" " Baltimore, \$2.25

" " Hanover, 1.75

D. GEHR & CO.

Sept. 12.

STILL LOWER!

REDUCTION OF FARE & INCREASE

OF SPEED!

FROM GETTYSBURG TO HARRISBURG.

\$1.50.

On and after Monday, April 11, 1853.

STAGE will leave McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Harrisburg at 1 o'clock P. M., in time to connect with the Cars going East and West, also with the Millersburg Stage.

Stage will leave Harrisburg on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Gettysburg at 2 P. M.

WM. COLDER, Jr.

April 11.

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS!

Summer Arrangement!

ON Monday, June 27th, the 4.45 Train, now connecting with Morning Train from York to Baltimore, will be discontinued; and another Train will be run in the afternoon to accommodate travel from Philadelphia, Columbia, Harrisburg and York.

1st Train will leave Hanover at 9.30 A. M., with Passengers for York, Columbia and Harrisburg, and return to Hanover with Passengers from Baltimore at 11.45 A. M.

2d Train will leave Hanover at 3.45 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore, arriving there at 7.30; returning immediately with Passengers from York, &c., at 5.30 P. M.

3d Train will leave Hanover at 5.45 P. M., with Passengers for York; and return with Passengers from Baltimore at 7.45 P. M.

By the above arrangement, all detention at the Junction will be avoided, and passengers from Philadelphia and Harrisburg may arrive at Gettysburg or Emmitsburg the same evening, by Lake & Co's Stage Line.

Round Trip Tickets between Hanover and Baltimore, (good for 48 hours,) will be issued at \$2—a reduction of one-third from the regular fare.

To accommodate persons desiring to reach Baltimore at an early hour, and those who may wish to visit the city and return the same day, an extra train will be run every Monday morning. The train will leave Hanover at 4.45 A. M., arriving in Baltimore at 8.30 A. M.

EDWARD E. YOUNG, Agent.

Hanover, June 27.

TIN WARE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has on hand, at the shop nearly opposite Wadsworth's (Globe) Inn, York, &c., Gettysburg, and formerly kept by Andrew Polley, the largest and best assortment of TIN WARE in the County, which he will sell at prices which cannot fail to please. He will also execute to order,

Horse Spouting, Metallic Roofing, Hydrant Work, Stove Work, &c.,

with promptness, and in a workmanlike manner, with the best materials. So well satisfied is he of the strength, neatness, and durability of his Ware, that he feels confident in warranting it as equal to any made elsewhere. Persons wanting Ware, are invited to call and examine his stock, as he is determined to sell

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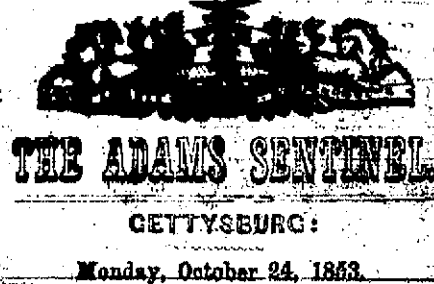
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THE ADAMS SENTINEL
GETTYSBURG:
Monday, October 24, 1863.

AN APPRENTICE

To the PRINTING BUSINESS will be taken at this Office. An immediate application is desired.

Gettysburg Rail Road.

We understand that vigorous efforts are being made by the Commissioners of the Rail-road, to obtain the amount of Stock necessary to complete it. About \$25,000 now is required, and we trust that those who will, in the coming few weeks, contribute for stock, will meet with those ready and willing to contribute to a work, which all acknowledge will be of vital interest to the County. Let no one hold back, but give in proportion to his means and his interest, and the road will soon be made.

Mr. James J. Smith, Esq., the Commissioner chosen at the late election, was induced to office on Wednesday last. His established reputation as a man of probity and intelligence, gives full assurance that the interests of the County will be well in his hands.

Mr. A. G. H. Smith, Esq., appointed Clerk.

The Legislature.

The returns of the election in this State show that the Senate will stand—Democrats 18, Whigs 14, Native 1. The House of Representatives—Democrats 70, Whigs 26, Natives 4. We expect to give in our next a complete list of the members elected.

The majority for the Democratic State Ticket has not yet been officially ascertained.

but it is thought the majority will be about 56,000. Mr. Brawley runs about 6 or 7,000 behind his ticket.

In Franklin county, Wm. Skinner (Dem.) is elected Sheriff by 44 over John Wilson (Whig). John Rowe and Samuel Gilmore (Whig) are elected to the Legislature by an average majority of 100 over Messrs. Ziegler and Jarrett (Whigs). The Whigs carried the Director, Auditor, Surveyor and Coroner; the Democrats took the balance of the County offices.

Thanksgiving Day.

Governor Bigler has issued his proclamation appointing Thursday the 26th of November, as a day of general Thanksgiving and Prayer throughout the State.

Specie Going.

The steamer Arabia sailed from New York for Liverpool on Wednesday, with 85 passengers, and one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in specie!

A strike has taken place at Lancaster (Pa.) in the cotton factories. The operatives, male and female, to the number of several hundreds, struck on Thursday last in favor of the ten hour system of labor. They formed in procession, marching through the streets of the city, held a meeting, at which speeches were made and a series of resolutions adopted. There was so much excitement that the officers of the factories, fearing a riot, made application to the Mayor for protection by police. No disturbance, however, occurred. The number of female operatives in the procession is stated to have been three hundred and fifty. The managers yielded to their demands.

The Prohibitory Law.

Both the Whig and Democratic candidates in Frederick county, Md., have pledged themselves, if elected, to vote to submit the prohibitory liquor question to a vote of the people.

A Musical Convention will be held at Harrisburg, Pa., during the second week in November next.

Several eminent professors and vocalists from Boston are expected to be present.

The object of the Convention seems to be to arouse a more general taste for music among the people of the interior of the State, to disseminate information with regard to the most approved methods of acquiring musical knowledge and skill, and to direct the attention of our interior population to the improvement of their musical taste.

The convention will terminate in a grand concert. These conventions are of frequent occurrence at the eastward, and are said to be effectual instruments in accomplishing the objects above stated. There can be no doubt that we have made great progress of late years in such matters, and the increasing interest felt in the subject is shown by these conventions, of which the one above alluded to is not the first in Pennsylvania.

The second annual State Fair of Indiana has just closed.

It was quite a successful exhibition, among the best ever held in the West. About 40,000 persons were in attendance. The number of exhibits and horses exhibited was 500. The total receipts reached \$7,000.

A Man Killed by a Woman.

A few nights ago, before the steamer New St. Paul, from the Missouri, reached St. Louis, a watchman on board named Wm. Rugg, was shot dead by Mrs. Lydia Miller, a passenger, because of his annoying her after she had retired for the night. She was arrested, examined and discharged.

The Political canvass is spiritedly progressing in Maryland. Meetings have been held in Somerset, Worcester, Harford, Baltimore, Frederick and other counties, at which the Whig State candidates, the Hon. R. J. Bowie, J. H. Risland, and Dr. J. Hanson Thomas have met their Democratic opponents and addressed the people. The result of the discussions appear in each case to have been highly satisfactory to the Whigs, who gave the warmest welcome to the candidates. The election will take place on the 2d of November.

Singular Suicide.

A man of wealth, named Faulkner, who, in company with his wife, was going West to purchase land, plunged a knife into his body on the arrival of the cars at Greensburg, Pa., on Friday last, and died in a few hours. He had \$50,000 in his possession.

The Hon. J. R. Ingersoll, late Minister to England, Hon. R. H. Bayard, late Minister to Brussels, and Hon. Joseph R. Chandler, returned home last week in the steamer Atlantic.

The force now employed on the Capitol extension at Washington, consists of 200 marble cutters and assistants, 200 laborers, 90 carpenters, 71 bricklayers, besides other mechanics in less numbers. Upwards of 60,000 bricks are laid daily.

The traveler can now pass from Chicago to St. Louis in 20 hours.

thus the lakes and the Mississippi are united. The union is effected by the Chicago and Rock Island, Illinois Central, and the Chicago and Mississippi Railroads.

The acquittal of Swan has excited great indignation in Washington county.

Indignation meetings have been held and the jury denounced. At Boonsboro they were hung in effigy. The impression is general that Swan should not have been entirely acquitted.

Cholera and Yellow Fever at Sea.

Since the 11th ult. eight ships have arrived at New York with immigrants, and during the passages from Europe 259 deaths occurred on board, principally from cholera. There have, it is said, been 33 cases of cholera landed at the New York quarantine lately, and during the summer about 100 cases of yellow fever.

Marriage of Grace Greenwood.

Miss Sarah J. Clark, (well known as Grace Greenwood,) was married, on Monday, at the Episcopal church, in New Brighton, Pa., to Mr. Lippincott, of Washington city. Mr. L. is connected with the National Press.

Suspended.

The Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, at Pittsburgh, has suspended the Rev. David Kennedy from his ministerial office for singing Watts instead of Rouse's version of the Psalms.

An Expensive Trial.

It is thought that the cost of the trial of Robert Swan at Hagerstown, will not fall short of \$10,000! Mr. John D. Kline, at whose house the jury in the case were kept, has rendered against the county of Washington, for boarding, etc., etc., furnished the jury, a bill amounting to \$663 81.

The amount of specie sent to Europe from this country, since the 1st inst. has been \$5,559,583.

The health of Martinsburg is entirely restored.

says the Gazette of Wednesday last.

The operatives in the Cotton factories at Harrisburg and Reading were on a strike last week for the ten hour system.

We have not heard the result.

A Water Fall, one hundred and twenty feet in altitude and nearly one hundred feet in width, is said to have been recently discovered on one of the branches of the Colorado river, in Texas, by an old settler, Mr. W. H. Magill, who never heard of it before. The water is described as falling in one unbroken sheet.

Determined to Die.

A gentleman residing at Heliopolis, Algeria, lately drowned himself in a brook. He was obliged to lie down in the stream, against the current, with his head tied up in a bag. As he was going to the scene of the catastrophe, he met some friends, whom he acquainted with his intention. They supposed he was joking, and laughed quite merrily. When they returned at night they found the corpse.

Female Voters.

The Newark (N. J.) Mercury states that single women, who were freeholders, voted in that State, as late as the year 1800. In a newspaper of that date is a complimentary editorial to the female voters for unanimously supporting John Adams for President against Mr. Jefferson.

An ingenious sufferer in Wheeling.

whose ear-pain had, of late, become property too public, drilled a hole in a large lamp, and charged it with gunpowder. He was in due time awakened by a loud explosion, which occurred in the kitchen of a neighbor, where they were getting breakfast.

A woman by the name of Betty Barker, has been arrested and confined in the jail at Huntington, on a charge of having poisoned her sister, Mrs. Harris, a short time ago. The body was raised after her arrest, and the examining physicians report that Mrs. Harris came to her death by the administration of poison to her.

Senator—Official.	Mallinger.	Douglas.
Adams,	1710	1392
Franklin,	2822	2715
	4538	4107
Mallinger's majority,	431	

The first snow of the season is falling this morning, as our paper goes to press.

There has been a considerable decline in the prices of Breadstuffs since our last issue, as will be seen by the reports of the Baltimore market.

Hon. ROBERT M. McLANE, of Md., has been appointed Commissioner to China.

A collision between a passenger train and a freight train, took place on Friday last, on the Coatesville bridge, Columbia road. The train, named Williams and Davis, belonging to the freight train, were killed, and another man had his foot cut off. None of the passengers were injured, except one in the hind car. Both trains were going slow at the time.

The North West Passage Discovered.

The question which has for centuries been an object of interest to European navigators, and commercial men—a North-west passage to the Pacific—has at last been settled. Commander McClure, who sailed in December, 1846, in search of Sir John Franklin, found a passage through the Arctic Ocean, and is returning home through Baffin's Bay. Native have been discovered further north than was ever seen before. The icebergs encountered in the passage measured from 45 to 70 feet beneath the water, only 6 or 7 above, which will give an idea of the difficulties and dangers of the passage.

Trouble in the German Reformed Church.

At the meeting of the Eastern Synod of the German Reformed Church in Philadelphia last week, charges were made by the Rev. Dr. Zacharias, against Rev. Dr. Fisher, in regard to his conduct as one of the Editors of the German Reformed Messenger—charging him with endorsing opinions and sentiments not recognized by the Church—encouraging bitter controversies with other sects—strengthening the hands of the Romanists and Puseyites, &c., &c. The Synod was engaged on Friday in investigating the charges.

At Philadelphia, on Tuesday last, Alexander McGill was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years and six months, for the reduction of Susan W. Emmons—A righteous sentence!

The Chinese News.

We discover very little that is new or important in the accounts from China furnished by the late English papers. The Imperialists had made a second unsuccessful attempt to retake Amoy. There was a third fleet of eight English and American square-rigged vessels, generally small, thirty or forty Portuguese junks, and about twenty junks, blooding Chin-king-foo, a city on the river, a little below Nankin. But it is said that the English commander of the fleet has no expectation of accomplishing any thing effectual against the rebels without the co-operation of the Tartar army, now before the city, on which it seems, no dependence whatever can be placed. There was great scarcity of money and even of grain at Peking. The Revolutionists had possession of the districts from which the capital was supplied with grain. The Emperor had ordered that all peasants should pay their next quarter's rent into the Royal Treasury instead of to their own landlords. The Revolutionists had captured a city on the Yellow River, but had suffered some reverses in the Shang-fu district, where the revolution had been suppressed.

Corpses for the President's House.

It is stated that a gorgeous carpet has just been finished at Glasgow, Scotland, for the White House at Washington. It measures 80 feet long by 40 feet broad; the portion worn in the room without a seam being 72 feet by 31 feet, and the remainder consisting of a carpet of a ruby and crimson damask, with three tasteful medallions in the centre, and a rich corner-piece to correspond. The medallions are filled up with bouquets of flowers, designed and executed with magnificent taste. The entire piece weighs upwards of a ton, and is valued at \$2,500.

Love and Homicide.

C. G. Martin, a school teacher, was shot dead in Jefferson county, Ky., a few days since, by a young lady named Shaw. It is related that Martin and Miss Shaw were engaged to be married, but that she had postponed the marriage on account of reports she had heard. Soon afterwards, she heard that he had announced his intention not to marry her, and made statements ruinous to her character. He subsequently called to see her, and was brother and he got into a fight, in which the latter was likely to be badly beaten. At this stage of the proceedings, Miss Shaw shot Martin with a pistol and killed him.

Marine Statistics.

Since the discovery of gold in California, six hundred ships have gone round Cape Horn, into the Pacific, which have not returned. Some were broken up at San Francisco, and some found employment on the Pacific. The abstract of this large fleet from the Atlantic Ocean, is one of the consequences of the activity which has prevailed in the Eastern shipyards, during the last few years. And besides this, it made room for the wonderful clippers.

A Chapter of Accidents.

A son of Mr. Samuel Cramer, of Southampton, township, Cumberland county, was thrown from a wagon last week, and fell under the wheel, which passed over his head, killing him instantly.

A man named Samuel Martin, of Carlisle,

was killed last week at Augusta Furnace, by the giving way of some frame work, throwing him to the ground with such force as to cause almost instant death.

Mr. Christian Bomberger, near Carlisle,

had his arm caught in a threshing machine a few days ago, and so lacerated as to render it necessary to have it amputated a little below the elbow.

On Wednesday week, Henry Keller and Charles Sheaffer, two young men of Carlisle, started with a horse and buggy, to visit a friend near Shepherdstown, taking with them a gun for the purpose of killing game.

When in the vicinity of Mechanicsburg, the horse became frightened and made an attempt to run off. In their effort to stop the horse, by some means the gun was fired off, and the contents—a heavy charge of shot—lodged in the breast of Mr. Sheaffer, inflicting a very severe wound, which at the time was feared would prove fatal. Dr. Day, of Mechanicsburg, and Baughman, of Carlisle, having been sent for, rendered the necessary medical aid, and we are pleased to learn that he is now rapidly recovering. Mr. Keller was also slightly injured.

Yellow fever being reported as prevailing in Baltimore, the Sun of that city has

investigated the matter, and says that a malignant disease does prevail in that quarter of the city known as Fall's Point, and that it caused two deaths last week and eight deaths this week, but that it was not yellow but bilious fever of a virulent type. In consequence of the prevalence of the disease, several persons have moved away from the vicinity, and the Board of Health have employed the usual means to purify the atmosphere by cleansing the streets and byways, removing nuisances, &c.

A tremendous hail storm, occurred on Sunday morning week in the Southern portion of Scott county, Kentucky, the northern portion of Woodford county, and in Clark, Winchester, and Fayette counties, in all of which great damage was done to fruit trees, standing corn, and vegetation of all kinds. In Lexington city every window fronting the direction of the storm, which was from the northwest, had its panes of glass broken. So much had fell that in many places it lay in drifts to the depth of two feet.

Rapid Work.

A negro in Red River county, Texas, committed murder on Monday, Sept. 20, was indicted on Tuesday, tried on Wednesday, and hung on Thursday.

An Army of Orphans.

The Howard Association, of New Orleans, announce that they have now about three hundred orphan children under their charge, whose parents have fallen victims to the epidemic, and that the Association will have a surplus of about \$100,000 after settling all their liabilities.

Death of Catholic Priests.

All the Catholic priests at Galveston, Texas, except two, it is said, have been sick with the yellow fever. Four died; one a native of Ireland, believed to be Mr. Haggerty; another, a young man a native of France; a third, a German; and the fourth, Mr. O'Donnell, a young man.

Fatal Casualty.

A few days since, as an interesting little boy, a son of Mr. Leonard Beall, of Clarke county, Ky., was sitting on a fence with an open knife in his hand, he fell, accidentally, and the knife pierced him to the heart, killing him instantly.

Two colored men, brothers, recently made application to one of the courts of Richmond, Va., asserting that they had become so far removed from their original blood as to entitle them to the benefit of an act of Assembly, which declares that persons with less than one-fourth negro blood shall be considered white persons; and under the plea they claimed the privilege of going abroad without registers. The court, after hearing arguments on both sides, refused the application.

In a gambling room at Cairo, Illinois,

old Mr. McGuire quarreled with a green young man and aimed an empty gun at him. The young man, to the delight of the spectators, ran round the room crying murder until he was cornered, when he drew his bowie knife and cut the old man into pieces meat. Such was the effect of fear on a coward.

A fatal duel occurred on the 1st inst. at Pensacola, Florida, as we learn from the New York Courier, the parties being Charles Winters, a former keeper of the place, and Mr. Collins, formerly Sheriff of Pensacola. Both parties having fired, Winters's shot grazed Collins's forehead, whereupon Collins instantly drew a sword and ran his opponent through the heart, so that he died in fifteen minutes afterwards.

A Small Family.

Mr. Lillard says there is a man residing in that county named John T. Norton, who has been married three times, and is the father of twenty-nine children—nine boys and twenty daughters. He is sixty-nine years of age, and was a Ranger in the last war. He is a native of Amherst county, Va.

Death of a Soldier.

John C. Smith, a soldier in the 1st Regt. of the 1st Div. of the Army, died at the age of 21, of cholera, on the 14th inst. He was a native of Amherst county, Va.

Interference in New York.

The New York Sun says: Without exaggeration, we may estimate that each liquor store open on Sunday has on an average, six customers, which would make a total for the five thousand places reported of thirty thousand patrons. Half of this number drink until reason is lost, so that fifteen thousand of the population of New York are in a state of intoxication or drunkenness on the day of rest in all Christian countries for the worship of that Creator who gave to man reason and an immortal soul. Many will regard this estimate as too moderate; but we do not think the argument to be deduced from the facts would be strengthened by adopting the extreme.

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War not Declared by Turkey.

The steamer Asia arrived at New York on Wednesday night with London and Liverpool dates to the 9th inst.

Cotton had declined nearly an eighth of a penny.

Flour and wheat had also declined, the former 6d. and the latter 2d. —Consols 92 1/2.

The Turkish question was still befogged,

nothing certain being known as to its present position. The Paris "Patrie," in contradicting the rumor of the Sultan having signed the declaration of war, says that his Grand Council merely resolved that no concessions could be made, and that preparations for war must be carried on with increased energy.

According to the most credible accounts,

the Sultan has not signed a declaration of war, but his Grand Council has voted the declaration, leaving it discretionary with the Sultan when to proclaim hostilities. —The Paris correspondent of the London Post says that a late despatch from Vienna states that the Sultan has fixed long weeks—the time when the Russians must evacuate the principalities, if they desire to preserve peace. It is authoritatively stated that the Czar at Olutz recently expressed his desire that the difficulty might be amicably settled.

The correspondent of the London Times,

writing from Paris, says that the English and French Governments have notified Russia that it is now too late to issue any more modifications, and that England and France will support the integrity of Turkey. This is said to be probable, but it wants confirmation. The British Cabinet had a long session on the 10th inst.

The cholera is committing greater ravages than ever among the Russian troops on the Danube.

Before Emperor Nicholas left Olutz he sent a courier to St. Petersburg with orders to raise a new levy of

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Still Greater Improvement in Grain Drills.
~~THE~~ PRICE REDUCED TO SIXTY DOLLARS ~~PER~~


THE ABOVE DRILL.

Is notifiable to get out of repair, is exceedingly simple in its construction, will sow point rows in all irregular shaped fields, and possesses superior advantages to all others, in the ease and quickness with which it can be regulated to sow any desired quantity of Grain per acre, While the draft upon this Horse, is 26 per cent. lighter, and consequently, with the same labor, can seed one-fourth more ground per day, than with most other machines now in use. The objection so common to Drilling Machines of becoming *choked* if the soil is not perfectly cleaned, is entirely obviated in this Simple and cheap Construction of this Drill, as white caps and short straw will not interfere with the least with

THE REGULAR DISTRIBUTION OF THE SEED.

It is warranted to distribute the seed evenly, & sow any quantity per acre (commonly sown broadcast) or to break the ground, & to be well made with good materials and durable with proper care.

Having sold about 400 of the above Drills the past season, all of which met with the unqualified approbation of the purchasers; & after careful and thorough experiments, which have

resulted in still greater Improvements, we now feel warranted in saying that MORSE'S Patent Soot and Grain Planter improved, is superior to any other Machine FOR THE PURPOSE, NOW IN THE MARKET.

Having made arrangements to furnish 1,000 of the above Machines for sale, the coming season, all orders will be prepared, at all times, to supply orders without delay.

LEE, PEIRCE & THOMPSON.

WM. E. FREED is Agent for Adams County, for the above Drill; and also for the above Soot and Grain Planter, and a CO'S Reaping Machine. Any letters addressed to him at Redbank P. O., Chester County, Pa., will be attended to.

Redbank P. O., Chester County, Pa., May 23.

if

NEW

REDWARE STONE.

MORSE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

YELLOW DOCK ROOT.

THIS is a Purely Vegetable Compound, scientifically prepared, and is the most Pungent and Powerful of the Purgative Class, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz: Regulating and Strengthening the Liver and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach

opening a large and general assortment of
Hardware, Iron, Steel,
CROCKERIES,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,
Springs, Axes, Saddlery,
PEDLAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,
Paints, Oils, & dye-Stuffs,
in general, including every description of articles
in the above line of business—to which they in-
vite the attention of Coach makers, Blacksmiths,
Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Sad-
dlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having increased with great care
and purchase to Cash on demand (for the
ready money) to dispose of any part of it on as
reasonable terms as they can be purchased any
where.

We particularly request a call from our
friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public at-
tention.

As we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER,
Gettysburg, June 9.

MORE NEW GOODS,
THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
For Gentlemen's Wear,
EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH
TAKE pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality,

And a comparison with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of
Cloth, plain and fancy *Towels and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, &c.*
Can't be beat! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and with address to please the tastes of all. From the most practical to the most fastidious.
TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to, as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.
ET THE FASHIONS for Fall and Winter have been received.
Gettysburg, Dec. 13.

TELL your Friends, that MARCUS SAMSON has just received and opened a lot of Black, Blue, and Green Cloth, and Dress Coat-Cassimeres, Cashmere, Trunks, Linens, &c. and will

REWINDING in certainty that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again of any other stove now in use. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

to them at the lowest living rates.

Call your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves and see the very large and complete assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by

April 2. J. W. WAXTON.

METHODIST HYMN BOOKS, bound in the best Turkey Morocco Binding. Edition of Turkey, Sheep, &c., for sale at the lowest cash rates at the cheap Bookstore of June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

TRUCKS! TRUCKS!

I have just received a large lot of TRUCKS, which I am selling without regard to cost, to make room for customers.

Oct. 3. ABRAHAM ARNOLD.

GERMAN REFORMED HYMN BOOKS.

Another new supply of Hymn Books from the German Reformed Church, has just been

GETTYSBURG COUNTRY

AND ANTIQUE SHOP.

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Tabor, Sereno's, Baltimore, York, Frederick and Calverton Clock Store, and Art-glass and Iron plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

The Scyler Ploughs,

which have been proved for lightness and draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Montgomery Ploughs weigh four hundred pounds, than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

OF WITHEROW PLOUGHS and other Castings for the Witherow Plough Works mill machinery. Castings and Hollow ware, with every article usually made at Foundries, can be obtained at

Blacksmithing and Shoe Making an usual

WANTED, Customers to purchase a superior lot of Black French Dressing Cassimere Pants, Pants, the assortment of every description, Cassimere Pants of every shade and quality, together with all amount of Velvet Skirts, Linens, Cottons, &c., at the wholesale price of
SAMSON.

LIBRARY, FINE BOOKS.—A very large assortment of English, French and German, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap
June 6. **KELLER KURTZ.**

BUFF VESTS.—A splendid lot of Buff Vests just received, and for sale cheap at
STRON'S.

CHILDREN'S SHOES.—The best assortment in town, at
K. KELLER.

Dec. 15. **T. WARREN & SON.**

THE SHADY SIDE, or Life in a Country Parsonage, by a Parson's wife. Just published and for sale at **KELLER KURTZ'S** Bookstore.

WINDOW BLINDS.—A new assortment of Window Blinds, Imitation of Oil Blinds, just arrived at the well-known Store of
June 6. **KELLER KURTZ.**

POLAND TREVOR, or the Pilot of Human Life, showing how to make and lose a fortune, and then to make another.—This is said to be a very amusing and instructive book—to be had at **KELLER KURTZ'S** Store.

CHOCKS & JEWELLERY.—You will find a large assortment for sale, very cheap, at the Cheap Store of
June 6. **SAMSON.**